

## **Historic, archived document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



# BUSH'S NURSERY

15th Avenue So. and 40th Street

Minneapolis, Minn.

Telephone Regent 1035

*Get our list of Annuals, Perennials, Rock Garden Plants,  
Evergreens, Trees, etc.*

## BUSH ROSES

Double Field Grown

Columbia, Rose-pink, Tea.....	35c
Frau Karl Druschki, White.....	45c
General Jack, Red.....	45c
Gruss An Teplitz, Red, Tea.....	35c
Mrs. Aaron Ward, Yellow, Tea.....	35c
Paul Neyron, Rose-pink.....	45c
Pres. Hoover, Orange and Gold.....	35c
Radiance, Red, Tea.....	35c
Talisman, Salmon-pink, Tea.....	35c

## HARDY BUSH ROSES

These require no winter covering.

Conrad F. Meyer, Large, Double, Pink.....	35c
Hansa, Double, Red.....	35c
Harrison, Double, Yellow.....	50c
Sir Thomas Lipton, Large, Double, White.....	50c

## CLIMBING ROSES

Crimson Rambler, Red.....	35c
Dorothy Perkins, Pink.....	35c
Dr. Van Fleet, Large, Flesh-pink.....	50c
Excelsa, Rosy-red.....	35c, 50c and 75c
Paul's Scarlet, Bright Red.....	35c
Prairie Queen, Lavender-pink.....	35c

## HOW TO PLANT AND CARE FOR ROSES

Roses for best results should be planted deep in good, rich soil, and cut back to within 8 or 10 inches of the ground. There is nothing gained by leaving a long top on a newly planted rose. The disturbed roots have not the strength to supply the old top, but when cut back and well soaked with water the sprouts soon appear. Many roses which are thought dead will soon start growing if treated this way. They require much watering until they start growing.

Roses with the exception of the hardy Rugosa varieties should be cut back each spring to within a foot of the ground. The hardy Rugosa Roses require no covering in the fall. Nearly all other varieties require winter protection. Cover with straw or leaves and burlap, or bank them up with dirt or peat soil (humus). Climbing roses should be taken down, the strands tied together and laid flat on the ground, weighted down, and covered with straw or peat.

## HARDY VINES

Beta Grape.....	25c
Bitter Sweet.....	35c
Clematis, Paniculata, White.....	50c
Engleman's Ivy.....	25c
Honeysuckle, Red Trumpet.....	45c

## HARDY SHRUBS

Barberry, Japanese, 18 to 24 in.....	25c
Dozen.....	2.50
12 to 18 in.....	15c
Dozen.....	1.50
Per hundred.....	10.00
Barberry, Red Leaf, 12 to 15 in.....	35c
Buckthorn, 2 to 3 ft.....	12c
Dozen.....	.20
Per hundred.....	9.00
12 to 18 in.....	7c
Dozen.....	70c
Per hundred.....	5.00
Coral Berry, Red, 2½ to 3 ft.....	35c
Dogwood, Redbark, 4 to 5 ft.....	35c to 50c
Elder, Golden Leaf, White, 18 to 24 in.....	30c
Flowering Crab, Bechtel's, Double Pink, 4 to 5 ft.....	1.50
Flowering Plum, Double, Pink, 2 to 3 ft.....	50c
Heavy, 4 ft.....	1.00
Honeysuckle, Pink, 2½ to 3 ft.....	40c
3 to 4 ft.....	60c
Hydrangea, Fall Blooming, White, Shaded Pink, 18 to 24 in.....	35c
3 to 4 ft.....	75c
Hydrangea, Snowball, White, Early, 18 to 24 in.....	35c
Lilac, Common, Purple, 3 to 4 ft.....	35c
Lilac, Common, White, 3½ to 4 ft.....	50c
Lilac, Persian, Purple, 3 to 4 ft.....	50c
2 to 3 ft.....	30c
Mock Orange, Golden-leaf, 18 to 24 in.....	45c
Grandiflora, White, 4 ft.....	35c to 50c
Mock Orange, Virginalis, Large, Double, White, 3 to 4 ft.....	60c
Newport Red Leaf Plum, 4 to 5 ft.....	90c
Russian Olive, 3 to 4 ft.....	35c
Snowberry, Large, White Berry-clusters, 2 to 3 ft.....	35c
Spirea, Arguta, Early, White Sprays, 3 to 4 ft.....	35c
Spirea, Bridal Wreath, White, 3 to 4 ft.....	30c
2 to 3 ft.....	25c
Spirea, Anthony Waterer, Dwarf, Red, 12 to 15 in.....	30c
Spirea, Frobeli, Rosy-red, 18 to 24 in.....	30c
Spirea, Sorbifolia, White Plume, 2 to 3 ft.....	25c
Tamarix, African, Pink.....	35c
Weigelia, Rosea, 2 to 3 ft.....	45c



